



INSTITUCIÓN EDUCATIVA REPÚBLICA DE HONDURAS

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SECUENCIA DIDÁCTICA No 2 2021

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Título de la secuencia didáctica: Los verbos Modales

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Nombre del Estudiante: _____ **Grado:** 10º

Área/Asignatura INGLES **Duración:** 2 horas

MOMENTOS Y ACTIVIDADES

EXPLORACIÓN

En esta unidad trabajaremos los verbos modales, su uso y sus diferentes significados

VERBOS MODALES: MUST AND SHOULD

MUST: Es un verbo modal que se traduce por "deber"

SHOULD: En español podría traducirse como 'debería'

Afirmative form: Must – Should

Regularmente, el verbo modal antecede al verbo principal de la oración, el cual va en forma infinitiva, o sea, en presente.

Subject+ modal verb+ principal verb + complement

English: 'You must respect older people.'

Spanish: 'Tu debes respetar a las personas mayores'

English: You should go to the doctor as soon as possible

Español: Tú deberías ir al doctor lo antes posible

Negative form: Must not: Mustn't – Should not: shouldn't

Regularmente el verbo modal se pone después del sujeto, antes de la negación y luego va el verbo principal seguido del complemento.

Subject+ modal verb+ not +principal verb + complement

English: 'Students must not be outside home.'

Spanish: 'Los estudiantes no deben estar fuera de casa'

English: You should not eat junk food

Spanish: Tú no deberías comer comida chatarra

Recuerda:

Los verbosmodales son una categoría de verbos auxiliares, también se llaman modales auxiliares o simplementemodales. Son usados en el inglés para comunicar diferentes estados o actitudes (de permiso, deprobabilidad de necesidad)

Los verbos modales son: can, could, may, might, must, should, ought to, have to, will, would.

Hoy trabajaremos con ***Must y should***

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ESTRUCTURACIÓN

➤ Activity: Completa la oración con la forma afirmativa o negativa del modal **MUST** según corresponda y traducir.

1. They _____ smoke inside the room

A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

2. I can't hear any noise. She _____ be sleeping

A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

2. They have been working all day. They _____ be tired

A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

3. You _____ leave from your home for quarantine

A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

5. You _____ Smoke cigarettes

A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

➤ Completa la oración con la forma afirmativa o negativa del modal should según corresponda y traducir.

1. They _____ smoke inside the room
A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to
2. I can't hear any noise. She _____ be sleeping
A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to
3. They have been working all day. They _____ be tired
A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to
4. You _____ leave from your home for quarantine
A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to
5. You _____ Smoke cigarettes
A. ____ Must B. ____ Mustn't C. ____ Must to

➤ Completa la oración con la forma afirmativa o negativa del modal should según corresponda y traducir.

1. People _____ drive more carefully.
A. Should B. Shouldn't C. Should to
2. They _____ leave their bags alone.
A. Should B. Shouldn't C. Should to
3. My doctor said: "you _____ smoke"
A. Should B. Shouldn't C. Should to
4. We _____ wash our hand frequently.
A. Should B. Shouldn't C. Should to
5. Students _____ study more.

- A. Should B. Mustn't C. Must not

➤ **Reading comprehension**

Sports

The team is exhausted. They sit in silence in the locker room, waiting for their coach. It is halftime and they don't know what to do. They are losing 28 – 0. The coach staggers in. He

stinks of smoke and whiskey and his shirt has a big yellow stain on it. He raises his hand and yells "SILENCE!! I CANNOT UNDERSTAND ANYTHING IF YOU ALL TALK AT THE SAME TIME!!" The players look at each other confused. No one had said anything.

"Now, everyone be seated and listen to me. We can still win this game. Just keep defending and... you know... scoring. That's the beauty of basketball. A twenty-eight point lead is NOTHING!! Now... if you gentlemen will excuse me..." He walks over to the restroom, goes in and shuts the door. The players hear a loud thud and assume that he has passed out. No one says a word. They look at their captain. He stands up and speaks to the team. "Well...we should have mentioned that we were playing soccer and not basketball... but I guess it's too late now. So, what can I say? Let's go out there and do our best to limit the humiliation. Okay?"

➤ According to the text answer the following questions

1. Why is the team sitting in the locker room?
2. Does the coach seem sober? Why?
3. Does it seem like the coach will come out of the restroom anytime soon? Why?
4. Do you think this team can still win the game?
5. Do you think the team is surprised by the way the coach is behaving?

TRANSFERENCIA

La gramática inglesa tiene muchas variantes importantes los verbos modales hacen parte de esa estructura. Son importantes en las composiciones escritas y las expresiones orales, debemos diferenciarlos de los verbos regulares e irregulares pues cumple diferentes funciones

AUTOEVALUACIÓN

1. ¿Qué aprendizajes construiste?
2. Lo qué aprendiste, ¿te sirve para la vida? ¿Si/no; por qué?
3. ¿Qué dificultades tuviste? ¿Por qué?
4. ¿Cómo resolviste las dificultades?
5. Si no las resolviste ¿Por qué no lo hiciste?
6. ¿Cómo te sentiste en el desarrollo de las actividades? ¿Por qué?

	<p>Cuaderno Guía # 2 Diccionario</p> <p>Links: www.shertoenglish.com www.aulafacil.com</p> <p>RECURSOS</p> <p>Nota:</p> <p>Recuerda enviar la guía con nombres y apellidos completos, grupo, grado y el número de la guía que estas mandando. Puedes enviarlos al correo electrónico</p> <p>sandra.barrientos@ierepublicadehonduras.edu.co O a mi número de WhatsApp 3194646466</p> <p>Muchas gracias.</p>
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